# SUGGESTIONS FOR PREPARING WILL TO LIVE DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY

(Please read the document itself before reading this. It will help you better understand the suggestions.)

#### YOU ARE NOT REQUIRED TO FILL OUT ANY PART OF THIS "WILL TO LIVE" OR ANY OTHER DOCUMENT SUCH AS A LIVING WILL OR DURABLE POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR HEALTH CARE. NO ONE MAY FORCE YOU TO SIGN THIS DOCUMENT OR ANY OTHER OF ITS KIND.

The Will to Live form starts from the principle that the presumption should be for life. If you sign it without writing any "SPECIAL CONDITIONS," you are giving directions to your health care provider(s) and health care agent<sup>1</sup> to do their best to preserve your life.

Some people may wish to continue certain types of medical treatment when they are terminally ill and in the final stages of life. Others may not.

If you wish to refuse some specific medical treatment, the Will to Live form provides space to do so ("SPECIAL CONDITIONS"). You may make special conditions for your treatment when your death is imminent, meaning you will live no more than a week even if given all available medical treatment; or when you are incurably terminally ill, meaning you will live no more than three months even if given all available medical treatment. There is also space for you to write down special conditions for circumstances you describe yourself.

The important thing for you to remember if you choose to fill out any part of the "SPECIAL CONDITIONS" sections of the Will to Live is that you must be very specific in listing what treatments you do not want. Some examples of how to be specific will be given shortly, or you may ask your physician what types of treatment might be expected in your specific case.

Why is it important to be specific? Because, given the pro-euthanasia views widespread in society and particularly among many (not all) health care providers, there is great danger that a vague description of what you do not want will be misunderstood or distorted so as to deny you treatment that you <u>do</u> want.

Many in the medical profession as well as in the courts are now so committed to the quality of life ethic that they take as a given that patients with severe disabilities are better off

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Some states use the terms "attorney in fact," "surrogate," "designee," and "representative" instead of "agent." They are synonymous for purposes of these suggestions.

dead and would prefer not to receive either life-saving measures or nutrition and hydration. So pervasive is this "consensus" that it is accurate to say that in practice it is no longer true that the "presumption is for life" but rather for death. In other words, instead of assuming that a now incompetent patient would want to receive treatment and care in the absence of clear evidence to the contrary, the assumption has virtually become that since any "reasonable" person would want to exercise a "right to die," treatment and care should be withheld or withdrawn unless there is evidence to the contrary. The Will to Live is intended to maximize the chance of providing that evidence.

It is important to remember that you are writing a <u>legal document</u>, not holding a conversation, and not writing a moral textbook. The language you or a religious or moral leader might use in discussing what is and is not moral to refuse is, from a legal standpoint, often much too vague. Therefore, it is subject to misunderstanding or deliberate abuse.

The person you appoint as your health care agent may understand general terms in the same way you do. But remember that the person you appoint may die, or become incapacitated, or simply be unavailable when decisions must be made about your health care. If any of these happens, a court might appoint someone else you don't know in that person's place. Also remember that since the agent has to follow the instructions you write in this form, a health care provider could try to persuade a court that the agent isn't really following your wishes. A court could overrule your agent's insistence on treatment in cases in which the court interprets any vague language you put in your "Will to Live" less protectively than you meant it.

So, for example, <u>do not</u> simply say you don't want "extraordinary treatment." Whatever the value of that language in moral discussions, there is so much debate over what it means legally that it could be interpreted very broadly by a doctor or a court. For instance, it might be interpreted to require starving you to death when you have a disability, even if you are in no danger of death if you are fed.

For the same reason, <u>do not use</u> language rejecting treatment which has a phrase like "excessive pain, expense or other excessive burden." Doctors and courts may have a very different definition of what is "excessive" or a "burden" than you do. <u>Do not use</u> language that rejects treatment that "does not offer a reasonable hope of benefit." "Benefit" is a legally vague term. If you had a significant disability, a health care provider or court might think you would want no medical treatment at all, since many doctors and judges unfortunately believe there is no "benefit" to life with a severe disability.

What sort of language is specific enough if you wish to write exclusions? Here are some examples of things you might--or might not--want to list under one or more of the "Special Conditions" described on the form. <u>Remember that any of these will prevent treatment ONLY</u> <u>under the circumstances--such as when death is imminent--described in the "Special Condition"</u> <u>you list it under</u>. (The examples are not meant to be all inclusive--just samples of the type of thing you might want to write.)

"Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)." (If you would like CPR in some but not all circumstances when you are terminally ill, you should try to be still more specific: for example, you might write "CPR if cardiopulmonary arrest has been caused by my terminal illness or a complication of it." This would mean that you would still get CPR if, for example, you were the victim of smoke inhalation in a fire.) "Organ transplants." (Again, you could be still more specific, rejecting, for example, just a "heart transplant.")

"Surgery that would not cure me, would not improve either my mental or my physical condition, would not make me more comfortable, and would not help me to have less pain, but would only keep me alive longer."

"A treatment that will itself cause me severe, intractable, and long-lasting pain but will not cure me."

#### **Pain Relief**

Under the "General Presumption for Life," of your Will to Live, you will be given medication necessary to control any pain you may have "as long as the medication is not used in order to cause my death." This means that you may be given pain medication that has the secondary, but unintended, effect of shortening your life. If this is not your wish, you may want to write something like one of the following under the third set of "Special Conditions" (the section for conditions you describe yourself):

"I would like medication to relieve my pain but only to the extent the medication would not seriously threaten to shorten my life." OR

"I would like medication to relieve my pain but only to the extent it is known, to a reasonable medical certainty, that it will not shorten my life."

Think carefully about any special conditions you decide to write in your "Will to Live." You may want to show them to your intended agent and a couple of other people to see if they find them clear and if they mean the same thing to them as they mean to you. Remember that how carefully you write may <u>literally</u> be a matter of life or death--your own.

AFTER WRITING DOWN YOUR SPECIAL CONDITIONS, IF ANY, YOU SHOULD MARK OUT THE REST OF THE BLANK LINES LEFT ON THE FORM FOR THEM (JUST AS YOU DO AFTER WRITING OUT THE AMOUNT ON A CHECK) TO PREVENT ANY DANGER THAT SOMEBODY OTHER THAN YOU COULD WRITE IN SOMETHING ELSE.

IT IS WISE TO REVIEW YOUR WILL TO LIVE PERIODICALLY TO ENSURE THAT IT STILL GIVES THE DIRECTIONS YOU WANT FOLLOWED.

Robert Powell Center for Medical Ethics National Right to Life <u>www.nrlc.org</u> ~ (202) 378-8862

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# How to use the Connecticut Will to Live Form SUGGESTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

- This document allows you to designate (name) a health care representative who will make health care decisions for you whenever you are unable to make them for yourself. It also allows you to give instructions concerning medical treatment decisions that the health care agent must follow.
- 2. Your health care representative must be an adult. Your health care representative must NOT be: (1) your treating physician, (2) an employee, operator, or administrator of your hospital, nursing home, or other health care facility, or (3) a person who at the time of appointment is a patient or resident of one of those facilities. However, any of these may be named your health care representative if he or she is related to you by blood, marriage or adoption.
- 3. It is helpful to designate successor health care representative (s) to take over if your first choice is unable to serve. There is space on the form for you to designate two successor health care representatives.
- 4. You must do the following to properly designate a health care representative through this document: Sign and date this document in the presence of two witnesses who are each at least 18 years old. (If you are unable to sign and date the document yourself, you may direct someone to do it in your presence.) The two witnesses must sign the document in your presence and in each other's presence.
- 5. The witnesses must be adults. Neither witness can be the appointed health care representative or an alternate representative. For persons who reside in facilities operated or licensed by the Department of Mental Health, at least one witness must be a physician or clinical psychologist with specialized training in treating mental illness and at least one witness shall not be an individual who is affiliated with the facility. For persons who reside in facilities operated or licensed by the Department of Mental Retardation at least one witness must be an individual who is not affiliated with the facility and at least one witness must be a physician or a clinical psychologist with specialized training in developmental disabilities.
- 6. Your health care representative's authority takes effect only when this document has been given to your attending physician <u>and</u> your attending physician has determined that you no longer have the capacity to make and communicate your own health care decisions.
- 7. An attending physician or health care provider who is unable to comply with the wishes of the patient must, as promptly as practicable, take all reasonable steps to transfer care

of the patient to a physician or health care provider who is willing to comply with the wishes of the patient.

- 8. The appointment of your spouse as your health care representative will be revoked upon your divorce or legal separation or upon annulment or dissolution of the marriage unless you specify in the document that you would like your spouse to remain as your health care representative after the end of the marriage.
- 9. To revoke this document you must sign a written revocation that is also signed by two witnesses. When you revoke it, your attending physician shall make the revocation part of your medical record.
- 10. You should tell your doctor about this document. You should also ask your doctor to keep a copy of this document as a part of your medical health record. Give copies of the signed original to your health care representative, family members, and anyone else you think appropriate. Keep the original document in a safe place that will be easily accessible to others in case of an emergency and tell someone where it is.
- 11. This type of document has been authorized by the Connecticut Removal of Life Support Systems Act, Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 19a-570 to -577.
- 12. You should periodically review your document to be sure it complies with your wishes. Before making any changes, be aware that it is possible that the statutes controlling this document have changed since this form was prepared. Contact the Will to Live Project by visiting <u>www.nrlc.org</u> (click on "Will to Live") or an attorney to determine if this form can still be used.
- 13. If you have any questions about this document or want assistance filling it out, please consult an attorney.

For additional copies of the Will to Live, please visit <u>www.nrlc.org</u> and click on "Will to Live"

> Form Prepared 2001 Revised 2008

I,	, (your name)
	, (your address)
	, (your phone number)
hereby	designate:
	(name of health care representative):
	(address of health care representative):
	(phone number(s) of health care representative):
	health care representative to make any health care decisions for me as authorized in this ent consistent with the instructions below.
	erson I designate above refuses or is not able to act for me, I designate the following s (each to act alone and successively, in the order named):
	st Successor Health Care Representative ssor's name)
	ssor's address)
(succe	ssor's phone number)
B. Sec (secor	ond Successor Health Care Representative d successor's name)
	d successor's address)

as my health care representatives(s) to make any health care decisions for me as authorized in this document consistent with the instructions below.

This designation shall become effective only when I become incapable of making and communicating my own health care decisions.

Any prior designation is revoked.

I direct that my instruction not be altered in any way by any guardian or conservator appointed over me or any court of competent jurisdiction and that any guardian or conservator follow these instructions.

## **GENERAL PRESUMPTION FOR LIFE**

I direct my health care provider(s) and health care representative to make health care decisions consistent with my general desire for the use of medical treatment that would preserve my life, as well as for the use of medical treatment that can cure, improve, reduce or prevent deterioration in, any physical or mental condition.

Food and water are not medical treatment, but basic necessities. I direct my health care provider(s) and health care representative to provide me with food and fluids, orally, intravenously, by tube, or by other means to the full extent necessary both to preserve my life and to assure me the optimal health possible.

I direct that medication to alleviate my pain be provided, as long as the medication is not used in order to cause my death.

I direct that the following be provided:

- the administration of medication;
- cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR); and
- the performance of all other medical procedures, techniques, and technologies, including surgery,

-all to the full extent necessary to correct, reverse, or alleviate life-threatening or health impairing conditions or complications arising from those conditions.

I also direct that I be provided basic nursing care and procedures to provide comfort care.

I reject, however, any treatments that use an unborn or newborn child, or any tissue or organ of an unborn or newborn child, who has been subject to an induced abortion. This rejection does not apply to the use of tissues or organs obtained in the course of the removal of an ectopic pregnancy. I also reject any treatments that use an organ or tissue of another person obtained in a manner that causes, contributes to, or hastens that person's death.

I request and direct that medical treatment and care be provided to me to preserve my life without discrimination based on my age or physical or mental disability or the "quality" of my life. I reject any action or omission that is intended to cause or hasten my death.

I direct my health care provider(s) and health care representative to follow the policy above, even if I am judged to be incompetent.

During the time I am incompetent, my health care representative, as named below, is authorized to make medical decisions on my behalf, consistent with the above policy, after consultation with my health care provider(s), utilizing the most current diagnoses and/or prognosis of my medical condition, in the following situations with the written special instructions.

#### WHEN MY DEATH IS IMMINENT

A. If I have an incurable terminal illness or injury, and I will die imminently – meaning that a reasonably prudent physician, knowledgeable about the case and the treatment possibilities with respect to the medical conditions involved, would judge that I will live only a week or less even if lifesaving treatment or care is provided to me – the following may be withheld or withdrawn: **(Be as specific as possible; SEE SUGGESTIONS.):** 

(Cross off any remaining blank lines.)

### WHEN I AM TERMINALLY ILL

B. <u>Final Stage of Terminal Condition</u>. If I have an incurable terminal illness or injury and even though death is not imminent I am in the final stage of that terminal condition – meaning that a reasonably prudent physician, knowledgeable about the case and the treatment possibilities with respect to the medical conditions involved, would judge that I will live only three months or less, even if lifesaving treatment or care is provided to me – the following may be withheld or withdrawn:

(Be as specific as possible; SEE SUGGESTIONS.):

(Cross off any remaining blank lines).

#### C. OTHER SPECIAL CONDITIONS: (Be as specific as possible; SEE SUGGESTIONS.):

(Cross off any remaining blank lines.)

### **IF I AM PREGNANT**

D. <u>Special Instructions for Pregnancy.</u> If I am pregnant, I direct my health care provider(s) and health care representative to use all lifesaving procedures for myself with none of the above special conditions applying if there is a chance that prolonging my life might allow my child to be born alive. I also direct that lifesaving procedures be used even if I am legally determined to be brain dead if there is a chance that doing so might allow my child to be born alive. Except as I specify by writing my signature in the box below, no one is authorized to consent to any procedure for me that would result in the death of my unborn child.

If I am pregnant, and I am not in the final stage of a terminal condition as defined above, medical procedures required to prevent my death are authorized even if they may result in the death of my unborn child provided every possible effort is made to preserve both my life and the life of my unborn child.

Signature of Declarant

This request is made, after careful reflection, while I am of sound mind.

Signed this \_\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_\_,

Signature

Address

This document was signed in my presence, by the above-named (print name of principal) who appeared to be eighteen years of age or older, of sound mind and able to understand the nature of the consequences of health care decisions at the time the document was signed.

First Witness Signature:

Address (Number and Street):\_\_\_\_\_

City, State, and Zip Code):
Second Witness Signature:
Address (Number and Street) :
City, State and Zip Code):

Form prepared 2001 Revised 2008